

# COMMUNITY SNAPSHOT 2024 FINANCIAL



















I am pleased to present the highlights of The City of Red Deer's 2024 Annual Financial Report. This document offers an overview of our financial performance and position over the past year, highlights key financial challenges, and provides context on Red Deer's broader economic conditions.

Heading into 2024, we faced significant financial pressures. While there was limited opportunity to adjust services mid-year, strong expense management helped us outperform our budget plan and reduce the impact on our financial health.

Looking ahead to 2025, improvements in revenue projections and planned expense reductions including approximately \$3 million in service savings—are expected to strengthen our cash flow and reserve position. However, our reserves remain under strain, now also affecting the City's overall liquidity. In response, we launched a major initiative in 2024: the Financial Roadmap – Transformation, Strategic Focus, and Future Ready project. This work is a comprehensive review of our financial governance and practices, aimed at supporting long-term fiscal sustainability.

Thank you for taking the time to read this report. Your interest in the City's financial health is vital as we continue building a strong and sustainable future for Red Deer.

#### **Mike Olesen**

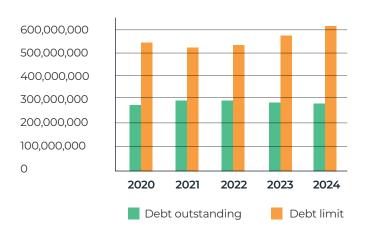
General Manager of Growth & Finance Interim Chief Financial Officer

# **FLEXIBILITY RATIOS**

### **DEBT OUTSTANDING AND DEBT LIMIT**

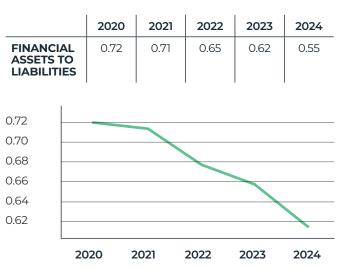
The City is subject to a provincial debt limit of 1.5 x annual revenue (total revenue less capital grants and contributed assets). Council Policy dictates that the debt limit cannot exceed 75%.

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
DEBIT LIMIT PERCENTAGE	51%	58%	56%	51%	47%



### FINANCIAL ASSETS TO LIABILITIES

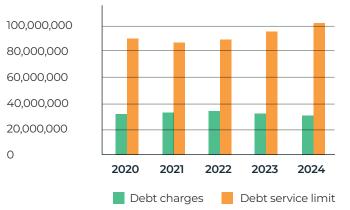
**Total Financial Assets | Total Liabilities** This ratio is used in many sectors and indicates the ability to manage liabilities on an ongoing basis using only financial assets, like cash, receivables, and investments. An ideal target is one or greater, which indicates that financial assets are equal to or greater than total liabilities.



### **DEBT CHARGES TO REVENUE**

**Principal and Interest on Debt | Annual Revenue** This ratio indicates the current funds required to repay past debt borrowings and computes it as a percentage of annual revenue (total revenue less capital grants and contributed assets). Provincial regulation describes an upper limit for debt servicing of 25% of such revenue.

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
DEBT CHARGES TO REVENUE	8.56%	9.12%	9.35%	8.24%	7.21%
DEBT SERVING LIMIT PERCENTAGE	34%	36%	37%	33%	29%

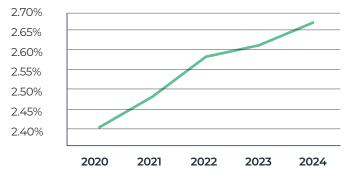


## **SUSTAINABILITY RATIOS**

### TOTAL EXPENSE TO ASSESSMENTS

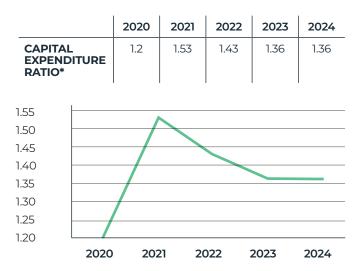
**Total Expenses | Total Property Assessment Value** This indicator compares total expenses to total property assessments in The City. Total assessments are used as a proxy for economic growth. Total expenses for the municipal organization should generally not rise faster than economic growth in the community in order to preserve comparative levels of service.

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
TOTAL EXPENSES TO ASSESSMENTS	2.40%	2.48%	2.59%	2.62%	2.68%



### **CAPITAL EXPENDITURE RATIO**

Annual Capital Expenditures | Annual Depreciation This ratio indicates whether capital investments are being made at a rate of at least the levels of depreciation each year. A value of less than one indicates that investments are less than the annual reduction in value of existing assets, and a prolonged reduction could ultimately place The City's assets at risk due to declining condition.

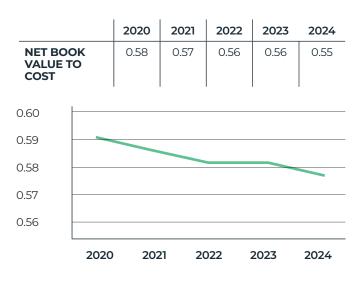


<sup>\*</sup>Reclassification of inventory for use to tangible capital assets resulted in the restatement of years 2022-2023.

### NET BOOK VALUE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS TO COST

Net Book Value of Tangible Capital Assets | Cost of Tangible Capital Assets

This ratio compares the net book value to the original cost. It does not include land or work in progress as they are not depreciated. In an environment of investment in assets, the indicator should stay stable or increase.



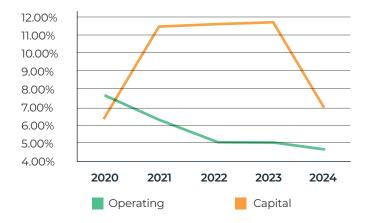
# **VULNERABILITY RATIOS**

### **GOVERNMENT TRANSFER TO REVENUE**

**Government Transfers | Revenue** 

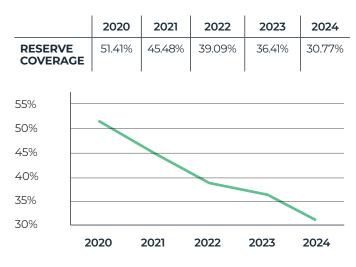
This indicator explains the level of dependence The City experiences with grants received from other levels of government by comparing to annual revenue. A higher percentage may indicate that The City is in a vulnerable position if these transfers are reduced.

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
OPERATING TRANSFERS TO REVENUE	7.75%	6.17%	4.94%	4.95%	4.50%
CAPITAL TRANSFERS TO REVENUE	6.20%	11.42%	11.57%	11.71%	6.95%



### **RESERVE COVERAGE**

**Operating Reserves | Total Expenses** This ratio is meant to illustrate the percentage of the total operating expenses that can be covered by reserves (not including capital projects – tax supported, capital asset replacement, and offsite reserves.) A municipality is more vulnerable to financial hardship during economic slowdowns if reserve coverage is too low.



### OPERATING SURPLUS (DEFICIT) TO OPERATING REVENUE

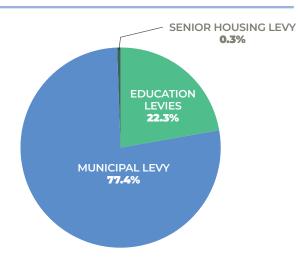
**Operating Surplus (Deficit) | Total Operating Revenue** An operating surplus is expressed as a percentage of operating revenue and can be either positive or negative. A positive number indicates a surplus and a negative number indicates a deficit.

		2020	202	1 202	2 20	77	2027
		2020	202	1 202	2 20	25	2024
OPERATI DEFICIT OPERATI REVENUI	TO NG	-3.25%	5 -9.15°	%   -12.3	3% -9.2	2%	-9.59%
-2.00%							
-4.00%							
-6.00%							
-8.00%							
-10.00%					-/		
-12.00%							
	20	20	2021	2022	2023	3	2024

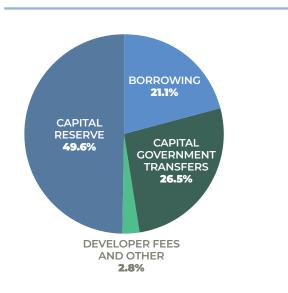
# TAXES SPENT

Below represents how The City of Red Deer funding is collected and spent by departments for both capital and operating budgets.

### **PROPERTY TAXES LEVIED**



### **CAPITAL FUNDING SOURCES**

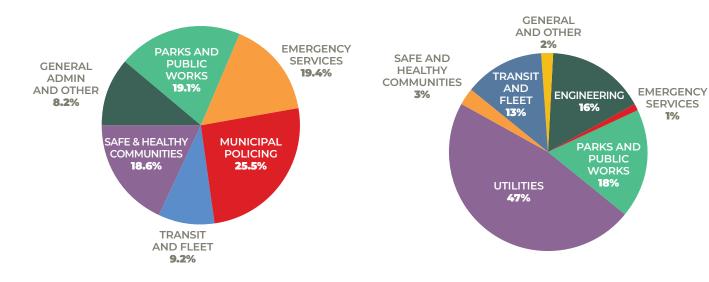


SERVICES

1%

**PROPERTY TAXES SPENT** 

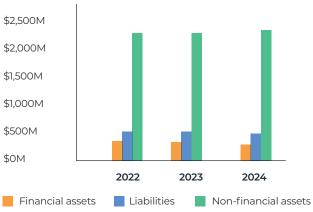
### **CAPITAL FUNDS SPENT**



# **OVERALL FINANCIAL REPORTING**

	2022	2023	2024
FINANCIAL ASSETS	322,078	288,214	255,919
LIABILITIES	494,009	463,851	464,964
NET FINANCIAL DEBT	-171,931	-175,637	-209,045
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS	2,228,128	2,253,414	2,281,453
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS	2,056,197	2,077,777	2,072,408

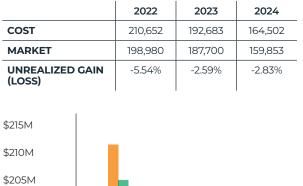
**CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL POSITION** 

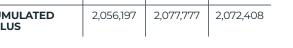


### **INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO**

\$190M

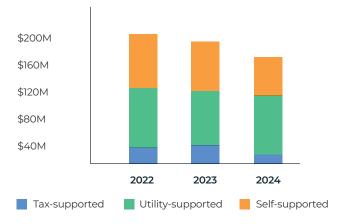
\$185M





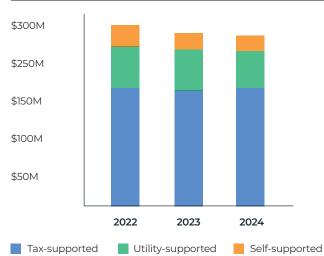
### **RESERVE BALANCES**

	2022	2023	2024
TAX-SUPPORTED RESERVES	34,051	36,530	23,669
UTILITY- SUPPORTED RESERVES	82,629	77,243	82,989
SELF-SUPPORTED RESERVES	73,586	67,289	52,632
	190,266	181,062	159,290



### LONG-TERM DEBT

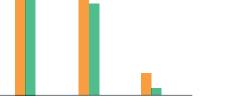
	2022	2023	2024
TAX-SUPPORTED DEBT	199,195	195,147	198,329
UTILITY-SUPPORTED DEBT	68,856	66,242	62,012
SELF-SUPPORTED DEBT	32,533	28,791	25,965
TOTAL LONG TERM DEBT	300,584	290,180	286,306
PERCENTAGE OF DEBT LIMIT USED	56%	51%	47%



\$200M \$195M

2022

Cost



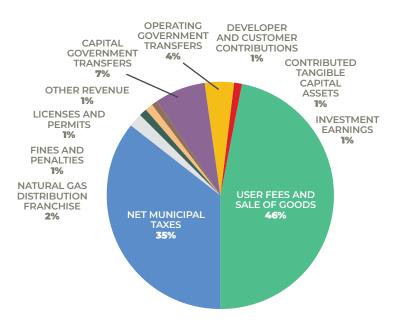
Market Value

2024

2023

### **REVENUE BY SOURCE**

	2024
NET MUNICIPAL TAXES	156,415
USER FEES AND SALE OF GOODS	205,451
OPERATING GOVERNMENT TRANSFERS	18,399
INVESTMENT EARNINGS	3,739
FINES AND PENALTIES	5,923
NATURAL GAS DISTRIBUTION FRANCHISE	10,105
LICENSES AND PERMITS	2,672
CAPITAL GOVERNMENT TRANSFERS	30,576
CONTRIBUTED TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	1,797
DEVELOPER AND CUSTOMER CONTRIBUTIONS	2,074
OTHER REVENUE	4,507
NET EFFECT OF ANNEXATION	491
TOTAL	442,149



### **EXPENSES BY FUNCTION**

	2024
GENERAL GOVERNMENT SERVICES	59,746
PROTECTIVE SERVICES AND PARKING	98,458
TRANSPORTATION AND FLEET	93,199
PUBLIC HEALTH AND PLANNING	19,413
RECREATION, PARKS AND CULTURE	59,972
SUBDIVISIONS, LAND, AND DEVELOPMENT	7,184
WATER AND WASTEWATER	45,370
WASTE MANAGEMENT	14,822
ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER	48,042
TOTAL	446,206

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